## 5-1 Quotients of Monomials

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Multiplication of Rational Expressions:

If a, b, c, & d are real numbers with  $b \neq 0$  and  $d \neq 0$ 

$$\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b \cdot d}$$

Simplification of Rational Expressions:

If a, b, and r are real numbers with  $b \neq 0$  and  $r \neq 0$ , then

$$\frac{a \cdot r}{b \cdot r} = \frac{a}{b}$$

Ex 1) Simplify:  $\frac{36}{48}$ 

Reduce or simplify FACTORS not TERMS...

$$=\frac{3\cdot\cancel{3}\cdot\cancel{\cancel{2}\cdot\cancel{\cancel{2}}}}{2\cdot\cancel{\cancel{2}\cdot\cancel{\cancel{2}}\cdot\cancel{\cancel{2}}}\cdot\cancel{\cancel{\cancel{2}}\cdot\cancel{\cancel{2}}}}$$

$$=$$
  $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$ 

Ex 2) Simplify: 
$$\frac{36x^3y^5}{27xy^3}$$

The Laws of Exponents:

If m and n are positive integers and a and b are real numbers with  $a \neq 0$  and  $b \neq 0$  when they are divisors, then:

$$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$(ab)^m = a^m b^m$$

$$\left(a^{m}\right)^{n}=a^{mn}$$

If 
$$m > n$$
,  $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$ 

If m < n, 
$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = \frac{1}{a^{n-m}}$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^m = \frac{a^m}{b^m}$$

Ex 3) Simplify: 
$$\frac{3^7}{3^4}$$

$$= 3^{7-4}$$
  
 $= 3^3$   
 $= (27)$ 

Ex 4) Simplify: 
$$\frac{7y^3}{v^7}$$

$$=\frac{7}{y^{7-5}}$$

Ex 5) Simplify: 
$$\left(\frac{x^2}{y^3}\right)^3$$

$$= \frac{(\chi^2)^3}{(y^3)^3}$$

$$= \frac{(\chi^2)^3}{(\chi^3)^3}$$

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Ex 6) Simplify: 
$$\frac{(xy^{2}z^{3})^{3}}{(x^{2}y^{3}z^{4})^{2}}$$

$$= x^{3}(y^{2})^{3}(z^{3})^{3}$$

$$= (x^{2})^{2}(y^{3})^{2}(z^{4})^{2}$$

$$= x^{3}y^{6}z^{9}$$

$$= x^{4}y^{6}z^{8}$$